

5) continued

Substitute these back into eq. of motion:

$$-K(\operatorname{Re}[Ae^{i\omega t}]) - c m \operatorname{Re}[\omega^4 A e^{i\omega t}] + F_0 \cos(\omega t) = m \operatorname{Re}[-\omega^2 A e^{i\omega t}]$$

now write $F_0 \cos \omega t$ as $\operatorname{Re}[F_0 e^{i\omega t}]$ using Euler's Identity
and divide by m , let $\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}}$

$$-\omega_0^2 \operatorname{Re}[A e^{i\omega t}] - c \omega^4 \operatorname{Re}[A e^{i\omega t}] + \omega^2 \operatorname{Re}[A e^{i\omega t}] + \operatorname{Re}\left[\frac{F_0}{m} e^{i\omega t}\right] =$$

$$\operatorname{Re}\left[e^{i\omega t} \left(A [-\omega_0^2 - c\omega^4 + \omega^2] + \frac{F_0}{m} \right)\right] = 0$$

$$\text{which works only if } A [-\omega_0^2 - c\omega^4 + \omega^2] + \frac{F_0}{m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{A} = \frac{-F_0/m}{[-\omega_0^2 - c\omega^4 + \omega^2]} = \frac{F_0/m}{[\omega_0^2 + c\omega^4 - \omega^2]}$$

want to write $\underline{A}$ as $\underline{A} = A e^{i\varphi}$

$$A = |\underline{A}| = \frac{F_0/m}{|\omega_0^2 + c\omega^4 - \omega^2|}$$

because numerator and denominator are both real

Since $\underline{A}$ is always REAL, φ is either 0 (when $\underline{A}$ is positive) or π (when $\underline{A}$ is negative).